



**dpwr**

Department:  
**Public Works and Roads**  
North West Provincial Government  
Republic of South Africa

**ANTI-CORRUPTION AND FRAUD  
PREVENTION POLICY  
2022/23**

**POLICY TITLE: ANTI-CORRUPTION AND FRAUD PREVENTION POLICY**  
**DEPARTMENT: PUBLIC WORKS AND ROADS**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## PAGE NO.

1. Background	4
2. Purpose	4
3. Scope	4
4. Policy Statement	4
5. The concept of Fraud Prevention	5
6. Investigating procedure	5
7. Anti-fraud programme	5
8. Role players	6-8
9. Policy Review	8
10. Approval	8

## **1. Background**

The Accounting Officer has committed the Department of Public Works and Roads (DPWR) to a process of Fraud Risk management that is aligned to the principles of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act 1 of 1999 as amended by Act 29 of 1999.

The provisions of Section 38(1)(a)(i) of the Public Finance Management Act stipulates that the Accounting Officer is responsible for ensuring that the department, trading entity or constitutional Institution has and maintains effective, efficient and transparent system of financial and risk management and internal control.

Furthermore, sections 3.2.1 and 27.2.1 of the Treasury Regulations require that fraud risk assessment is conducted on regular basis and a risk management strategy, which includes a fraud prevention plan, be used to direct internal audit effort. The strategy must be clearly communicated to all employees to ensure that risk management is incorporated into the language and culture of the department or entity.

## **2. Purpose**

The primary objective of this Policy is to:

- Prevent fraud and encourage a culture of zero tolerance towards fraud and corruption.
- Re-enforce the Government policies, processes, procedures, regulations and other prescripts in place to ensure an environment that is not susceptible to fraud and corruption.

## **3. Scope of the Policy**

This policy applies to the department as a whole.

## **4. Policy Statement**

Fraud represents a significant potential risk to the Department's assets, service delivery efficiency and reputation. The Department will not tolerate fraudulent or corrupt activities, whether internal or external to the Department, and will vigorously pursue and prosecute any parties, by all legal means available, which engage in such practices or attempt to do so.

## **5. The Concept of Fraud Prevention**

Fraud prevention is a process that is adopted by the department, by putting mechanisms in place, to manage vulnerability to fraud and corruption. Such mechanisms are designed to prevent, deter and detect fraud.

As part of the Enterprise Risk Management (ERM), it is the responsibility of the Accounting Officer to establish structures to address the threat of fraud.

## **6. Incident Management Procedures**

The department will follow incident management procedures to ensure uniformity in the reporting and investigation of suspected fraud and corruption.

- Reporting of suspected incidents through whistleblowing channels;
- Preliminary investigation of incidents reported;
- Referral for Investigation;
- Involvement of other law enforcements agencies;
- Procedure in taking resolutions; and
- Recovery of loss.

## **7. Anti-Corruption and Fraud Prevention Programmes**

The following policies and processes assist the department in its goal to address the risk of fraud and corruption:

- Recruitment policy;
- Accounting and operational policies;
- Fraud awareness training (indicators of fraud);
- Fraud awareness audit;
- Fraud risk assessment;
- Anti-corruption & fraud prevention strategy;
- Code of ethics and conduct.
- Declaration of financial interest
- Gift and Donations policy
- Loss control policy
- Supply Chain Management policy

## **8. Role players**

The management of fraud and corruption is the responsibility of all employees in the department, with the support of other structures in place.

### **8.1 Risk Management Oversight**

#### **8.1.1 Executive Authority (MEC)**

The Executive Authority takes an interest in fraud risk management to the extent necessary to obtain comfort that properly established and functioning systems of risk management are in place to protect the department against significant fraud risks.

#### **8.1.2 Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is an independent committee responsible for oversight of the department's control, governance and risk management. The responsibilities of the Audit Committee with regard to fraud risk management are formally defined in its charter. The Audit Committee provides an independent and objective view of the department's fraud risk management effectiveness.

#### **8.1.3 Risk Management Committee**

The Risk Management Committee is appointed by the Accounting Officer to assist them to discharge their responsibilities for fraud risk management. The committee's role is to review the fraud risk management progress of the department, the effectiveness of fraud risk management activities, the key fraud risks facing the department, and the responses to address these key fraud risks.

### **8.2 Risk Management Implementers**

#### **8.2.1 The Accounting Officer**

The Accounting Officer/ Authority is accountable for the department's overall governance of fraud risk. By setting the tone at the top, the Accounting Officer promotes accountability, integrity and other factors that will create a positive control environment.

#### **8.2.2 Management**

Management is responsible for executing their responsibilities outlined in the fraud risk management strategy and for integrating risk management into the operational routines.

### **8.2.3 Other Officials**

Other officials are responsible for integrating fraud risk management into their day-to-day activities. They must ensure that their delegated risk management responsibilities are executed and continuously report on progress.

## **8.3 Risk Management Support**

### **8.3.1 Chief Risk Officer**

The Chief Risk Officer is the custodian of the Fraud Prevention Strategy, and coordinator of fraud risk management activities throughout the department. The primary responsibility of the Chief Risk Officer is to bring to bear his/her specialist expertise to assist the department to embed risk management and leverage its benefits to enhance performance.

### **8.3.2 Risk Champion**

The Risk Champion's responsibility involves intervening in instances where the fraud risk management efforts are being hampered, for example, by the lack of co-operation by Management and other officials and the lack of departmental skills and expertise.

### **8.3.3 Provincial Risk Management Unit**

The Provincial Risk Management Unit monitors and assess the implementation of risk management, build risk management capacity and enforce the Public Finance Management Act.

## **8.4 Risk Management Assurance Providers**

### **8.4.1 Internal Audit**

The role of the Internal Auditing in fraud risk management is to provide an independent, objective assurance on the effectiveness of the department's system of fraud risk management. Internal Auditing must evaluate the effectiveness of the entire system of fraud risk management and provide recommendations for improvement where necessary.

### **8.4.2 External Audit**

The external auditor (Auditor-General) provides an independent opinion on the effectiveness of fraud risk management.

#### 8.4.3 Anti-Corruption & Forensic Management Unit (Office of the Premier)

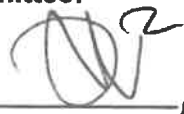
The Anti-Corruption & Forensic Management Unit facilitates and monitors the implementation of the Minimum Information Security Standards (MISS) and Anti-Corruption initiatives. The Unit also investigate the Departmental Forensic and Fraud cases as and when requested.

### 9. Policy review

This Policy shall be reviewed annually to reflect the current stance on anti-corruption and fraud.

**Recommended by the Risk Management Committee:**

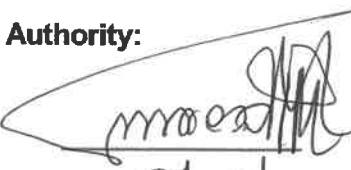
**Signature:**

  
28 March 2022

**Date:**

**Approved by the Accounting Officer / Authority:**

**Signature:**

  
28/03/22

**Date:**